

PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY BY EDGAR SNOWDEN. ALEXANDRIA:

PRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 21, 1859.

The Philadelphia Ledger has a letter from its correspondent on board the United States steamship Powhatan, thirty-six hours later than the previous advices from the same source, which contains some interesting intelligence in relation to the movements of Mr. Ward the American Minister to China, which throws discredit on the French story of his being sent a prisoner to Pekin. The note of the Chinese Governor-General, embodied in this letter, requesting Mr. Ward to meet him at the mouth of the Peiho, was a courteous and polite invitation, and expresses besides particular favor to the Americans.

The Capt. Cook who figures in Brown's "Army" is believed to be a man from Hartford, Conn., and formerly employed in Colt's armory. He has been living in the western part of Pennsylvania for some time past. His wife left him and returned to Connecticut. It is said that Cook recently married a lady on the Maryland side of the bridge at Harper's Ferry, and took his supper at the house of his mother-in-law only a few minutes before the arrival of the troops under Col. Lee at that point.

The Clarke County Conservator says :-We learn that a gentleman who has been sojourning at the Taylor Hotel, Winchester, at an early hour on Monday morning last arose from his bed and jumped off the second-story porch of the Hotel, ran down the street and returned without awaking .-The height of the porch from the pavement, we suppose is about twenty-five feet. Strange to say, he did not injure himself in any way.

The Central Reform Committee of Baltimore, met on Wednesday, and made the following nominations: Judges of the Orphan's Court, Charles Howard, Edward D. Kemp, Sterling Thomas; State's Attorney, John H. Thomas; Sheriff, Major Joseph P. Warner; Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of Baltimore, Robert J. Kerr; City Surveyor, Col. Owen Bouldin.

It is proper that the stigma conjecturally cast upon the workmen discharged from the Armory at Harper's Ferry, should be removed, by stating that not a man of them had any thing to do with the insurrection at that place. But does not the occasion suggest the propriety of having every man of them armed and ready to defend the Government

The yacht Wanderer has sailed again from Savannah, without papers, having a full crew, with provisions and ammunition. It The funeral will take place on Friday morn-Mr. Lamar, by Captain Martin, who has been negotiating for her for some time.-The collector of the port of Savannah, sent a steamer, with Mr. Lamar and others after

Young Lane, who defrauded the Fulton Bank in New York out of \$60,000, has been discharged from custody-the bank failing to make out a case of forgery, which comes under the penalties of the Criminal Court .-Another complaint has been made against him for obtaining money under false pre-

We understand, says the Boston Traveller of Tuesday, that the assignees of the estate of Messrs. Phillips, Sampson & Co., vesterday completed the sale of the Atlantic Monthly. Messrs. Ticknor & Fields are the purchasers, and will continue its publication, commencing with the November num-

Returns from twenty-five counties in Minnesota, give 2,716 republican majority.-Seven counties yet to hear from, which, in 1857, gave 846 republican majority. The St. Paul Times says the republicans have a majority of seven in the State Senate, and thirty in the House.

The session of the Episcopal Convention in Richmond, on Wednesday, was chiefly occapied in discussing a proposition requesting the House of Bishops to reconsider their resolution of last session relative to the use of the Book of Common Prayer. No action was

The fine building erected as a depot for the N. W. Virginia Railroad Company at Ellenboro, in Ritchie county, Va., was des troved by fire on the 10th, at 3 o'clock-supposed to have been set on fire. It was not insured.

The exports of cotton from Mobile to Great Britain during the past week, reached 13, 000 bales, and from New Orleans, for the same period, they were 21,000 bales. There were no exports to France from either port

Returns from forty-seven counties in Iowa, give Kirkwood, republican candidate for Governor, 6,690; Dodge, democrat, 3,988. The same counties in 1857 gave Lowe, republican, 2,259 majority. Forty counties are yet to

The examination of Col. Anderson, Capt. Maury and other filibusters connected with the recent expedition, has been commenced in New Orleans. No important evidence has yet been elicited.

Wm. G. Harrison, esq., has been nominated as an independent candidate for Congrees, in the Fourth Congressional District of Maryland, and has consented to serve, if

A new postoffice is established at Agricultural College, Prince George's county, Maryland, and John O. Wharton appointed

Patents have recently been awarded to Charles B. Waite and Joseph W. Sener of Fredericksburg, Va., for improvement in

c)fee-pets. During the past week fifteen deaths from yellow fever have occurred at the Charity Hospital, New Orleans.

We are informed by the Vicksburg Whig, that the only county in Mississippi in which an issue was made against the Disunion doctrines of Col. Pettus, the Democratic candidate for Governor at the late election, was the county of Tishomingo. There the issue was made direct, whether or not the South tionally elected President. The result is precisely what everybody would naturally expect from that strong Union county .--Although probably giving the largest Demoeratic majority of any county in the State, Tishomingo has never tolerated disunionism. At the election on the 3d, inst., she gave Mr. Walter 213 majority over Col. Pettus. Two years ago the Democratic majority was 730! The vote of this year is also very largely in-

It is proper that notice should be made in terms of commendation of the energy and efficiency displayed by the officers of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, and the brave fellows in their employ, for their conduct in the late insurrection at Harper's Ferry. To the activity and care of the master of transportation, W. P. Smith, esq., is praise due for the promptness with which the military were forwarded, as well as for the safety of the passengers by the different trains, and their aggage. The engines and cars proved fully adequate to the extraordinary demand upon the company-having transported, besides regular passengers, fully five hundred troops and one hundred irregular volunteers with cannon and equipments.

The agent of the Great Eastern, is in Portland, and is highly gratified at the completeness of the arrangements to give the mammoth vessel a reception worthy of her importance. She is expected at an early day in Novem-

ber. It is stated by the Portland Advertiser that the steamer will entertain guests on board during her stay, in case the rush of risiters shall require it, and that from eight hundred to one thousand guests can thus be entertained. She is expected to make one or two trips to sea while there, carrying ten

Four members of Congress from New York City, have not yet received their certificates of election from the Secretary of State of New York. According to the decision of the State Canvassers, they are not entitled to certificates of election, inasmuch as it did not appear on the ballots that they were cast or members of the House. It is not probable, however, they will be excluded from their seats upon a mere informality, though he question may give some trouble at the

In view of the probable ratification of our new treaty with the Chinese Empire, a summary of the trade at Shanhai for the year 1853 has been made at the State Department. From this it appears that the aggregate imports amounted to nearly \$54,000,000 and the aggregate exports to \$59,500,000. The total value of the opium imported was upwards of \$23,500,000. The inward and outward tonnage shows 464 British, 153 American ships, and 515 ships of other nations.

Gen. Peter J. Stryker, died at Somerville, N. J. on Wednesday last, aged ninety four years. He was a Major General in the third division of the New Jersey militia, and was the oldest military officer in commission in the state. He served in the Legislature sev-

The single rate of letter postage between the United States and the grand Duchy of Baden, via Bremen, will hereafter be 15 cents, instead of 22 cents-prepayment optional. This reduction is the result of a reduced rate of German postage to fice cents the single letter on American correspondence transmitted via Bremen, which went into operation on the 15th of October instant.

The steamer Indianola, from Brownsville, with dates to the 11th, has arrived at New Orleans. The Mexican outlaw Cartinas, with several hundred men, is still encamped above Brownsville. Another attack was experted before the government troops could arrive. Cartinas has issued a proclamation. saying that orderly and innocent people have nothing to fear, the object being to chastise the sheriff and lawyers.

Col. Robert E. Lee, U. S. A.; Major Russel, Lieut. J. E. B. Stuart, and Lieut. Israel Green, U. S. Marine Corps, and District Attorney Ould, arrived in Washington yesterday morning, from Harper's Ferry. Col. Lee held quite a long interview with the Secretary of War. The District Attorney was to confer with the President.

The fine flouring mill, situated in Sullivan county, Tennessee, about a mile from Bristol was consumed by fire on the night of the 16th inst., with all the books and papers .-This mill was owned by Messrs, R. F. Bibb and John W. Sells, was but two years old, and was worth at least \$7,000.

On Monday next the Whigs and Americans of Fauquier, meet in county Convention, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State Convention, which assembles in Richmond on the 14th of December.

We have received from Mr. George E. French, the November number of Godey's Ludy's Book.

The State Convention. The Virginia Opposition State Convention, which is to assemble in this gity on the 14th December next, will as is obvious from present indications, be one of the largest and ablest political bodies that ever met in the Commonwealth. A deep interest too is already felt in its proceedings by conservative, national, Union-loving men in all portions of our common Country, and its final action, if wise, sagacious, and disinterested, is destined to exert an anusually powerful and beneficent influence upon the political events of the future. It will be the duty of that Convention to point out the way to a quion of the Opposition, North and South, East and West, in the coming Presidential election—a union upon the broad and impregnable basis of the Constitution, the Union and the Rights of the States .- Richmond Whig.

Brothers in the Convention. A correspondent gives us the following ineresting information:

It is a remarkable fact that there are in the present Episcopal Convention four pairs of brothers as derical delegates, viz:
(Dr. Francis Vinton, D. D., of New York.

Dr. Alexander Vinton, D. D., of Philadelphia Dr. Francis L. Hawks, D. D., of New York.
Ros. Wm. N. Hawks, of Alabama.
The Rt. Rev. Bishop Hawks, of Missouri, is also

third brother, and now having a seat in the (Rev. J. H. Ingraham, LL. D., of Mississippi Rev. J. P. T. Ingraham, B. D., of Wisconsin. While in the House of Fishops are the two yene-

able brothers: The Rt. Rev. Horatio Potter, D. D., Bishop of New York, and The Rt. Rev. Alonzo Potter, D. D., LL. D., Bishop of Pennsylvania .- Rich. Disp.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER EUROPA. HALIFAX, Oct. 19 .- The steamer Europa arrived here this afternoon from Liverpool, with dates to the 8th inst.

The steamer Kangaroo arrived at Queenstown on the 6th. The steamer Ocean Queen should resist the inauguration of a constitu- arrived out on the 7th, and the Persia on the

The Zurich Conference was still in pro-It was reported that the steamer Great

Eastern was expected to leave Portland for Holyhead on the day the Europa sailed. Italian affairs are unchanged. There was great agitation at Naples and numerous ar-

rests had been made. Later advices from India had been received. The discharged European troops had consented to go to China.

The ship American Congress was ashore in the English channel. It was expected she would be saved.

The U. States frigate Constellation and steamer Sumpter were at St. Vincent's, Sept.

The ship American Congress got aground near Cowes light, but got off and was towed o Spithead. The ship Cano, from New York for Rotter-

lam, was ashore at South Pampuson the 4th. No particulars. The ship Lancaster, from San Francisco

or Australia, foundered off Malaki, July There was nothing further known as to the proceedings of the Zurich Conference, beyond the general assertion that some progress continued to be made towards the signing of a treaty of peace. It is said the treaty will be complicated, and will leave Austria with the

door open to quarrel with Piedmont. The Paris Constitutionnel had an article by the chief editor stating that the preliminaries at Vilafranca had rescued Italy from every foreign intervention, under whatever name and from whatever power. France confines herself to giving the Italians proper advice, which, if followed, would have insured the prosperity of Central Italy; but having in vain offered advice she cannot dictate

orders for Italy. The latest reports say that a treaty between France and Austria will probably be signed on the 10th or 12th inst. Austria has consented to sign on all ques

tions belonging to Lombardy.

The British official correspondence relative to the Peiho affair has been published. Lord Russell fully approves the course taken. He says that preparations are making, in conunction with France, to enable the forces to support the Plenipotentiaries in their instruc-

Minister Bruce's letter expresses the opinon that the Chinese will not make difficulties about exchanging ratifications with him, as the conditions under which the American minister is alone entitled to visit Pekin, contain nothing offensive to the Chinese.

Mr. Bruce acknowledges his indebtedness to Mr. Ward and Com. Tatnall, and concludes by saying: "Mr. Ward's position is one of considerable difficulty, nor do I see after our unsuccessful attempt at Peiho, that any course was open save the one he adopted." The News' city article of Friday even-

ing says the demand for money has increased. The Times says the funds are quiet with a slight tendency towards an increase in the The ship Red Jacket on her voyage from Liverpool to Australia, run down the ship Elizabeth Walker, and the crew had barely

time to get on board the Red Jacket before their vessel sunk. The details of the loss of the steamer Ad mattes, trading between Adelaide and Melbut one after another was washed away .-

The remainder were five days and forty had died of cold and hunger. Accounts from Paris of Mr. Mason's neral on the 5th inst., at the U. S. Chapel, say the foreign ministers were all present, and numerous other distinguished persons attended. The body was to be sent imme-

The Paris Patrie says that a special corps of fifteen hundred men will go to China via

Egypt. The fortifications on the coast of France. from Havre to Caen, are being carried on with

extreme rapidity.

The London Herald's special Paris correscondent says it is strictly true that Napoleon as a secret understanding with Austria and Sardinia, which enables him to command the whole Italian seaboard as far as Civita Vecchia, and another step in furtherance of his scheme is an expedition to Morocco, as the Mediterranean squadron which sailed from Toulon, with ten thousand men for Morocco, would command the African coast from Al-

giers to Centa. The Times' correspondent is assured that six steel-plated frigates have been ordered, and twenty large transports, capable of conveying fifteen hundred men each, are build-

ing or ordered. Accounts from Italy say that at Modena on the 5th, Anniti, the President of the late Military Commission of the ex-Duke at Parma, was discovered to have strived at Parma in disguise, having gone there to get up a conspiracy. The door of the guard-house where he took refuge was forced by the populace, and Anniti was killed. Perfect tranquility had subsequently prevailed.

Another version of the affair says he was finally that his head was cut off and carried

in triumph. A vague rumor was in circulation that the Prince Carignaud had accepted the Regency of Central Italy for the King of Sardinia. It has been confirmed that the Sardinian minister at Rome had received his passports.

The Government of Bologna has adopted the Sardinian customs tariff. Mazzina has addressed a letter to the King of Sardinia, frankly renouncing his personal opinion and promising to support the democratic party if the King can and

will make Italy Free. The letters from Naples say there is great agitation there. Fourteen persons belonging to the highest families have been arrested, being socused of holding meetings for the discussion of political agairs. government was taking active precautionary

measures against an apprehended outbreak. It was reported that General Garibaldi had entered the marshes, and the rumor caused much geneation at Naples. The latest accounts say the porties above referred to had been arrested without a prosecution. The Pope has informed the great powers that he will not give up his temporal powers, and will, if necessary, call upon the

Advices from Furkey say that Omar Pasha, Chief of the army of Bagdad, has been deprived of his command because he abuses is authority. The reported appearance of the plague at

Catholic powers to support him.

Beyrout is denied. From South America, accounts say that

the negotiations initiated by the American Minister had ended without any result .--Mr. Yancey was about to embark for the United States. Preparations for war between Buenos Ayres and the Argentine confederation were being made with activity. The London Times says that Mr. Yancey failed because his demands were tantamount

to requiring the unconditional surrender of Buenos Ayres to Urquiza. The India mails reached London the morning the steamer sailed, but not in time for the Europa.

ber ten thousand men. Disturbances were imminent on the coast of Kattywar.

It was reported that the people of Jeypore would not comply with the disarming order. Nena Sahib was in Nepaul.

China dates to August had reached Bombay, but nothing important. COMMERCIAL.-Liverpool Cotton Market .- The sales of the week have been 54,000 bales, of which 3,000 bales were taken on speculation, and 11,500 bales for export. Fair and Middling qualities have slightly advanced. Inferior qualities

tinue unsalable. Holders offer freely, but show no disposition to press sales, owing to an improved trade demand. The sales of Friday amount to 10,000 bates, including 3,000 bates on speculation and for export. Stock in port 580,000 bates, of which 446,000 bales are American. No quotations received. The cotton brokers at Liverpool and the manu-

facturers are again raising a loud cry against the practice of mixing sand, dust, &c., with American cutton. The Brokers' Association at Liverpool have presented a memorial to the American Chamber of Commerce, requesting its influence to stop the practice. The memorial says during the past year the sand and dust has probably been equivalent to 100,000 bales, and a still greater de reciation of the value of cotton.

Manchester advices are unfavorable. There is

but little inquiry, and prices are weak and slightly lower. LIVERPOOL Breadstuff Market. - Richardson Spence, & Co., quote: - Flour is firm at 22s. 6d. (2) 27s. per barrel. Wheat is firm, and there has een a bet'er tone in the market since Tuesday, but closes quiet; red western 9s. 3d.(@9s. 6d.; white 9s. 9d.(@11s. for all descriptions. Corn is

under speculative purchases; yellow 5s. 9d.(@5s. 6d.; white 7s.(@7s. 6d. Messrs: Bigland, Athay, & Co., say flour is held for an advance of 6d to 1s. per sack, and corn at

bonyant and all qualities have slightly advanced

6d. to 1s. per quarter.

LIVERPOOL Provision Market.—Beef is steady Inferior qualities have slightly declined. Pork heavy and unsaleable. Bacon is quiet, and quotations nominal. Lard is firm, and there is more doing at 55s. 6d. (4,56s. Tallow is in better de-

mand—sales at 57 (c.58s.

Livenpool, Produce Market.—Sugar is active. and all qualities have slightly declined. Coffee is quiet. Rice is firm. Tea-previous quotations are barely maintained for common grades. Other

qualities are firmer.

London Markets.—Breadstuffs close steady.-Iron is dull: Welsh bars have all declined from to 15s. Sugar is firm. Tea is quiet at 1s. 5d.-Coffee is dull at a slight decline. Rice is firm.

London Money Market.—The Money market decidedly more stringent. There has been an average business and prices are generally unchanged. Consols 953. Bullion has decreased £27,000 In American stocks a generally limited business has been doing at provious rates.

Harre Market.—Sales of 6,000 bales Cotton for

the week. Stock 6,500 bales. New Orleans tres could arm, at any time 1,500 men with the ordinaire 109f : Bas 101. Breadstuffs are firm .-Provisions steady.

Cultivation of Tobacco. On a recent trip up the Valley, we were surprised to observe that tobacco was cultivated many of the farmers in all the counties above Augusta. We knew beforehand that Roanoke was a fine tobacco growing region, but were not aware that the plant had become a staple crop even in Rockbridge. Our object in alluding to the matter, is to make a suggestion to the farmers of this section .-Wheat is the great staple, and if it fail, the farmer loses nearly all he has to depend upon for the season. The uncertainty of the wheat crop for many years past, is well known, and many farmers of Augusta could tell of grievous losses and disappointments within that period. Under these circumstances it would certainly be a great relief to have another chance-some other crop which might make up, in part at least, for a failure of the wheat. Why then is not the cultivation of tobacco introduced? The idea that the plant will not mature in our climate, is entirely fallacious. The experiment has often been tried in a small way, and with complete success. Several persons raise tobacco every year in the neighborhood of Staunton. bourne, say she struck a rock and broke up. If a few plants will mature, why may not one Forty passengers clung to the bulkwarks, acre or ten acres? It is a well known fact, moreover, that large crops of tobacco are raised annually in Missouri and Connecti cut, both of which States have colder climates

than any part of Virginia. As to the profits realized from tobacco, we need say nothing. A gentleman in Rockbridge informed us that he had out this year five acres, and would probably sell his crop for five hundred dollars. This is no unusual vield. We learn from a farmer in Roanoke, whose land is more rolling and rugged than most of our farms, and for which he gave \$25 per acre two years ago, that his tobacco erop, of twelve or fifteen acres, brought him eleven hundred dollars. The newspapers state that in Washington county over two thousand acres will be planted with the weed next year. There were three hundred acres this year, which, it is thought, will yield

about \$12,000. There is a prevalent idea that tobacco exhausts the soil and thus injures land. Possibly it does so to a greater extent than many other crops, but what's the use of having rich lands if they yield little or nothing in return for the care bestowed upon them? Why enrich the soil year after year for wheat, and get poorly paid for the toil and trouble? It is thought, however, by judicious farmers that the worn-out fields of Eastern Virginia are caused rather by negligent cultivation than the exhausting character of the crops raised on them. The Rockbridge gentleman to whom we have alluded, assured us that he had never failed to get one or two good wheat

erops from his tobacco land. We would not presume to advise practical farmers about matters which they understand much better than we, but we hope that the few facts we have given them will put them on the inquiry. All of them admerely passing through the city and was mit that the cultivation of wheat is not re-dragged through the streets, buffetted, and munerative and that some other stable is greatly needed. -Stanton Speciator.

Aceident.

The Cleveland Leader publishes the particulars of a most shocking accident that occurred on Thursday last at an Agricultural Fair near Wellington, Lorain county, Ohio. During the exhibition of horses in the ring. a of kind amphitheare, filled with people, broke down through the immense weight, carrying in the ruins hundreds of human beings, men and women. The scene that followed the crash beggars description; the wildest confusion prevailed, and the shrieks of the crushed beings were truly awful. Scores were injured more or less; but eight were seriously hurt. One young lady, ankle broken one lady, leg broken; one lady hip broken in a shocking manner; two men, legs broken, and a young married lady, wife of a physician, had her spine seriously injured. a mercy that numbers were not killed, and as it is, the affair has cast a gloom over the entire county.

SINGULAR SHOOTING AFFAIR. -An extraordinary case of shooting occurred at Newark, N. J., on Sunday evening, in the house of Mr. Daniel Horton, resulting in the death of the 10th instant was received last evenof Wm. N. Geekie, a Scotch architect, boarding. We were gratified to hear from you ing in the family of Horton. The parties and your success. We had followed you were all at table, when Mrs. Horton playfully accused her husband of having been drinking. The hysband appealed to Geekie to support his denial of the charge, but he sustained the lady. Horton then took a revolver from his coat, pointed it at Geekie, and again asked if he, Horton, had been drinking. Geekis responded affirmatively, and at the same instant Horton's revolver ness. went off, with fatal effect. Mr. Horton was Send all the abolitionists you can. Please an intimate friend of the deceased, and the continue that writing you begun at my Its object is, by changing public opinion, to affair, as far as the statements have thus far house. I am a member of the Historical So effect a moral revolution; that to be followed disclosed the circumstances, seems to have ciety of Kansas, and am appointed on the by a proper politicial re-construction, the been accidental.

It is the wish of a large number of the friends of Mr. Wm. Wall, of Fauquier, that he should become a candidate for Commissioner of the Revenue.

Further and Interesting Particulars.

LIST OF THE INSURRECTIONISTS.—The fel-

lowing is the list of the insurrectionists given by Captain Brown, with the rank they held in his service and their place of birth. We have arranged the list so as to show who are dead and wounded:

Whites-Capt. John Brown, commanderin-chief, wounded, will recover; Capt. Oliver Brown, dead; Captain Watson Brown, dead; the two latter, sons of Capt. Brown. Capt. Aaron C. Stevens, Connecticut, badly wounded, three balls, cannot possibly recover .-Lieut. Edwin Coppuck, Iowa, unwounded. Lieut. Edward Hazlitt, Pennsylvania, dead. William Leman, Maine, dead. Capt. John E. Cook, Connecticut, escaped. Stewart Taylor, Canada, dead. Charles P. Tidd, Maine, dead. William Thompson, N. York, dead. Dolph Thompson, New York, dead. Capt. John Kagi, Ohio, but raised in Virginia, dead. Lieut. Jeremiah Anderson, Indiana, dead.

Negroes-Daingerfield Newby, Ohio, raised in Virginia, dead. O. P. Anderson, Pennsylvania, dead. *Shields Green alias Emperor, New York, raised in South Carolina, prisoner at the Ferry. Lewis Leary, Ohio, raised in Virginia, dead. —— Copeland, Ohio, raised in Virginia, prisoner at Charlestown. - *Brown stated that this man was a Member of Congress under the "Provisional Government" he intended establish-

THE GOVERNOR'S INTERVIEW WITH OLD Brown.-Yesterday morning Gov. Wise accompanied by District Attorney Ould and several others, visited this remarkable man in his bed room. Brown was propped up in his bed, evidently suffering great pain from his numerous wounds, but with his mind collected and looking calmly about him, now and then giving vent to a groan. The Governor after questioning him several times, got him into a talkative mood, and he voluntarily

made the following important disclosures: "I rented the 'Kennedy Farm' from Dr. Kennedy, of Sharpsburg, Washington county, Md., and named it after him. Here I ordered to be sent from the East all things required for my undertaking. The boxes were double, so no one could suspect the contents of them, even the carters engaged in hauling them up from the wharf. All boxes and packages were directed to J, Smith & Sons. I never had more than 22 men about the place, but I had it so arranged that I following arms; 200 Sharpe's rifles, 200 Maynard's revolvers, 1,000 spears and tomahawks. I would have armed the whites with the rifles and pistols, and the blacks with the spears. they not being sufficiently familiar with the

other arms. "I had plenty of fixed ammunition enough provisions, and had a good right to expect the aid of from 2,000 to 5,000 men at any time I wanted. Help was promised me armory in Maryland; where it is situated, I from Maryland, Kentucky, North and South Carolina, Virginia and Canada. The blow was struck a little too soon. The passing of the train (Phelps' on Sunday night,) did the work against us-that killed us. I should not have let it pass. But I only regret I have failed in my designs, but I have no apologies to make or concessions to ask now. Had we succeeded, when our arms and funds were exhausted by an increasing army, contributions would have been levied on the daveholders, and their property appropriated to defray expenses, and carry on the war of freedom. Had I known government money was in the safe here, I would have appropri-Brown here appeared quite exhausted, and

leaned back in his bed, looking calmly around. Gov. Wise told him he had better be preparing for death, to which Brown responded that he (the Governor) though he might live fifteen years, would have a good leal to answer for at last, and had better be indicted and tried in a few days. The Vir-Among the papers found were the follow-

LETTER PROM GERRIT SMITH TO BROWN Peterboro', June 4, '59.-Captain John Brown-My dear friend:-I wrote you a week ago, directing my letter to the care of Mr. Kearney. He replied, informing me that he had forwarded the letter to Washington. But as Mr. Morton receiving last evening a letter from Mr. Sanborn, saying your address would be your son's home, viz: West Andover, I therefore write you without delay, and direct my letter to your son. have done what I could thus far for Kansas, and what I could to keep you at your Kansas work. Losses by endorsement and otherwise have brought me under heavy embarrassments the last two years, but I must nevertheless continue to do in order to keep you at your Kansas work. I send you erewith my draft for \$200. Let me hear from you on the receipt of this letter. You live in our hearts, and our prayer to God is that you may have strength to continue in your Kansas work. My wife joins me in affectionate regard to you, dear John, whom

we both hold in very high esteem. I suppose you put the Whitman note into Mr. Kearney's hands. It will be a great shame if Whitman does not pay it. a noble man is Mr. Kearney! How liberaly he has contributed to keep you in your Yansas work? Your friend,

GERRIT SMITH On the back of this letter is endorsed-Gerrit Smith answered June 17th, and enclosed E. B. Whitman's note, and H. Tubman's receipt.

LETTER FROM CHARLES BLAIR .- "COLLINS HILE, CONN., June 10, 1859. - Friend Brown: Your favor of the 7th instant, was duly received, with the draft on New York for \$300. I have made arrangements to have the goods finished up as soon as possible.-The only man I could think of in this vicinity, who is in a situation to do it, I have agreed with. But he would not agree to get them all out in less time than eight weeks. Perhaps he can finish up one-half the numher soon, if you desire it. But he has positively agreed to have them all out in eight weeks. I find that some of the handles have come up missing, and I shall not be able to make out more than about 950. Considering the delay and the extra trouble I am to be at, I think you will be satisfied with that number. I could have furnished and prosperity, I remain yours, truly,

There was also found the following re-

Received Collinsville, June 4th, 1859, of John Brown, on contract of 1857, one hundred and fifty dollars. CHARLES BLAGE. A. WATTLES TO BROWN .- "MONENA, K. March 29, '59.- Dear Friend: - Your favor with anxious hearts from point to point on constant peril of assassination or arrest .-The pro-lavery party has defented itself, more by their own stapidity than our smart

The force to be sent to India would num- THE INSURRECTION AT HARPER'S FERRY. with. It was a providential interference for thing more decisive was called for. He was

our protection I have no doubt.' LETTER FROM O. S. TO BROWN, JR .-"CHAMBERSBURG, PA., Sept. 9th, 1859.-Dear Brother, Sister and others-All is well with us. At present our prospecting appears to be favorable, and some of us will find employment in a few days. Tidd is here. God speed you. Your brother.

LETTER FROM FRED DOUGLAS .- My Dear 'aptain Brown-I am very busy at home .-Will you please come up with my son Fred, and take a mouthful with me? In haste, slaveholders, and is determined to make FRED DOUGLASS. December 7.

KAGI.—Among the papers was found a let- fare for the liberation of slavery. Are then ter dated at Chatham, Canada, Aug. 16th, any amongst your friends that would a one or two paragraphs of which are of interest. Delaney says:

"I have been anxiously looking and ex- not one. Well, he would find them some pecting to see something of uncle's move- where, for he was bent on fighting the slavments, but as yet have seen nothing; the letter from you being the first intimation of his whereabouts since he wrote me. Please send me any paper that may mention your doings. All are in good spirits here, hoping and waiting for the good time coming."

The letter fell into the hands of Tidd, who opened it and appended to it-"Friend Kagi, seeing a letter for you from Canada, and knowing that a letter from there would relate only waiting to finding coadjutors. And to business, took the liberty to peruse it. I know you will not think hard.

Besides the above were several letter sheets of manuscript so closely written as to be almost illegible, but it was a sort of scriptural writing; a poetical effusion by W. H. Leeman, one of the insurgents, and several papers which were taken by Gov. Wise, and which are mentioned under the telegraphic

A manual of guerilla warfare, with instructions to use the lance, so many of which

were found, was carefully preserved. The following is a copy of the annoymous letter which was sent to the Secretary of War nearly two months ago, and to which he, of course, under the circumstances, paid no attention. It is postmarked at Cincinnati, August 23d, and is addressed to the "Hon John B. Floyd, Secretary of War, Washington, CINCINNATI, AUGUST 20.

"Sir: I have lately received information of a movement of so great importance, that I feel it to be my duty to impart it to you without delay. I have discovered the existence of a secret association, having for its object the liberation of the slaves of the South by a a general insurrection. The leader of the movement is "Old John Brown," late of Kansas. He has been in Canada during the winter, drilling the negroes there, and they are only waiting his word to start for the South to assist the slaves. They have one of their leading men (a white man) in an am not enabled to learn. As soon as every thing is ready, those of their number who are in the Northern States and Canada are to come in small companies to their rendezvous which is in the mountains of Virginia. They will pass down through Pennsylvania and Maryland, and enter Virginia at Harper's Ferry. Brown left the North about three or four weeks ago, and will arm the negroes and strike a blow in a few weeks, so that whatever is done must be done at once .-They have a large quantity of arms at their rendezvous, and are probably distributing them already. I am not fully in their confidence. This is all the information I can give you. I dare not sign my name to this, but trust that you will not disregard this

warning on this account." A despatch from Harper's Ferry says that the prisoners have been committed to the jail at Charlestown to await the action of the Grand Jury, and that they will be ginia authorities are first to try them for murder, and in the meantime the United States authorities will proceed to try them on a charge of high treason. Thus has the question of jurisdiction been settled between liovernor Wise and District Attorney Ould.

ALARMING REPORTS-FRIGHT FOR NOTH-NG. HARPER'S FERRY, 9.40 P. M - There is great alarm and excitement here. The people of Sandy Hook are flocking into this town in great consternation. They report that Cook and his party are murdering the people in Pleasant Valley, which lies just over the mountain on the Maryland side. People are arming and preparing to go to their relief. The man who brought the report is considered reliable. The story is believed here, but I do not credit it.

9:52 o'clock.—All the men and women and children of Sandy Hook and vicinity to the number of hundreds, have arrived in town. Report hearing screams, and blowing of hours, and some shots. Nothing definite is known as to any actual attack, but the excitement is increasing and everybody arming.

HARPER'S FERRY, 10 o'clock .- Ascertained the whole alarm is unfounded, and only the result of the late scare, which has disposed people here to believe any and everything. People in Pleasant Valley sleeping soundly, and nothing at all has occurred there. Good night. HARPER'S FERRY, Oct, 19 .-- 11, P. M .-Col. Lee has concluded to remain with the

marines, on account of the great excitement here. He has now gone out into Pleasant Valley, with thirty marines, to examine for himself into the truth of the rumor. A party of thirty armed citizens have also gone. Wm. Moore, who brought the report, insists that he heard screams of murder and cries for help at Garret's, in the Valley, accompanied with the reports of firearms. Not less than three hundred men women and children, in the greatest state of alarm, have fled here for protection from what they suppose to be serious danger. HARPSR'S FERRY, Oct. 19.-12 o'clock .-

Col. Lee has returned, having found all quiet. Garret's family were all safe and sound. departure of the marines has has been countermanded for the present.

Philadelphia Press publishes the following, mere pants, Panama hat, &c. He left in comwhich it says is "from the pen of a leading anti-slavery man" in that city. It shows that we were correct in having supposed that Brown's first visit to Harper's Ferry, them when I had them under way for much | which was made more than a year ago, was less than I can now. Wishing you peace for the purpose of preparing for the insane attempt which he at last carried out;

"You ask me what I know in regard to this outbreak at Harper's Ferry? I answer -I know nothing; and yet I am not altogether ignorant concerning it.

More than a year ago, when the Kansas troubles had come to an end, a gentleman-T., I for such he was by birth and breeding-fresh from the seemb of strife, and ready for another contest, called to see me at my office .-He was a soldier by profession; had fought for freedom in Hungary and on the plains of Kansas, and was now ready, if an opporyour perilous journey. Be pleased to let us tunity would offer, to draw his sword in hear from you from time to time as you have same behalf in the mountains of Virginia or opportunity. We are all well, and have in the swamps of South Carolina. On this been neither frightened nor hurt, though in last point he wanted to know my opinion, which, of course, I was prompt to give.

"Our enterprise," I said, "is moral one .-It rejects the sword. It seeks to accomplish We vote on the county seat in Jame. Its ends by ideas. It appeals to the understanding, the heart, the conscience, the purse department of biography. Please make a same to be accomplished by the least possible note of this, and act accordingly. Yours exercise of force." This he said was all well A. WATTLES." enough in theory, but it would not work in "P. S .- Dr. Weaver killed himself I pre- practice. It was too slow. In the initiatory sume you have heard, while bringing in stages of the movement it might do well guns from Missouri to mucder his neighbors enough, but the time had come when some on reasonable terms.

not an Abolitionist in the common sense the word, but he was a friend of freedom; world over, and was ready, at any time, unsheath his sword against opire son Did I know John Brown, of Ossawattanas No. I did not know him, though I had ofto heard of him. Well, said he, I don't his him; he and I don't agree. He has treated me badly, but he is a brave man and an eficient soldier. He has come home burning under a sense of the wrongs he and his count men suffered in Kansas at the hands of prisal. He wants to organize a band to a South, establish himself in the mountains LETTER FROM M. R. DELANEY TO J. H. and inaugurate a species of guerilla war. operate in such an undertaking? To best of my knowledge and belief there wa holders with their own weapons -the use which they had so well taught him in the battles of Kansas.

"Such, in substance, was the conversion between Captain - and myself, of whee or from whom I have never heard since the time. But soon after this I heard from an other source that John Brown was still met tating a descent on the slaveholders, and won about six weeks ago a highly respectable gentleman just returned from foreign travel stopped in this city, and, in the course conversation I had with him, dropped or pressions implying his knowledge of Brown's intentions, and, what surprised me most his approval of them. Ascertaining my see timents on the subject, he did not make na a confidant, and not anticipating any serresult, nor any immediate result of any kind I made no particular inquiries. "This is the extent of my knowledge in

regard to this startling affair. When heard the first rumor yesterday I credited and believed that John Brown had a hand is it; subsequent disclosures have proved that was right. "This the beginning of the end. The dra

gon's teeth which have been so profusely sown have sprung up, and are bearing their natural fruit. Stringfellow and Buterd in itiated the movement, who will be the men

Daily Stage from Alexandria

We learn from Mr. Means, one of the cen tlemanly proprietors of the Winchester and Washington line of Stages, that after the Alexandria, L. and H. R. R. is completed to Leesburg, (which will be done sometime this Fall,) a daily line will put on our Turn pike to run in connection with the Cars, to Winchester. The road is now in good cor dition, and the proprietors of this line have put upon it comfortable coaches, good teams and have in their employ careful and accommodating drivers. They deserve the pat-ronage of the travelling public.

In this connection we would ask, why can not we have a daily mail from Washington and Alexandria by this route? It is to presumed that there will be no difficulty obtaining it, and we hope that a petition we be gotten up at once, praying for this great convenience to our community .- Clarke

The Wheat Crop in England.

The vast bulk of wheat straw grown England this year, says the London Eco mist, will certainly not yield any corresponing bulk of wheat. In some cases we fin that where the crop was laid early, the diappointment of the farmer, who throughout the spring expected a large crop has been extreme. Less then three quarters to the acre has in may instances been the result In North Hertfordshire, according to the monthly report of the Mark Lane Express "it is admitted a large burden of straw was grown, and this may in some degree con sate for defect in the ear, and it is housed the the crop will be almost an average in quan-

tity, but inferior in quality to the last two Population of the Jefferson District. The district of country intended to be ef

fected by the late outbreak, contains a larg slave population. The following was the relative population at the last census Loudoun county, Va.,

11.016 4.34

Jefferson " 13.681 2.24 Frederick 50,950 14,12 Washington

miles of Harper's Ferry, there are not less than 20,000 slaves, of whom probably 5,000 LOUDOUN CIRCUIT COURT, The Fall Term of the Circuit Court for Londoun county, was commenced in Leesburg on Monday Judge John W. Tyler, presidinds. But little buness was transacted on the first day. The grand jury made four presentments.

On Tuesday, the case of Julia Hodges

From this it appears that within twenty

alias Julia Curtis, plaintiff, er. Sydney I. Hodgson and others, defendants, was taken up, and will probably occupy several days in its trial. This suit is one of consideral importance, and not a little notoriety, ben an action on the part of the plaintiff to reer from the defendants, property to the amount of some \$12,000 or \$15,000. The counsel at Robt, E. Scott, Samuel Chilton, esqs., and E. J. Brent, esq., of Baltimore, for the plain tiff, and John Janney and J. Ban. Tucker esqs., for the defendants. There are about fifty witnesses to be examined in this case many of them brought from a distance

Loudoun Mirror. \$200 REWARD.—Ranaway from the oil seriber, near Haymarket, Prince W. ham County, Va., on the night of the 15th of tober, my negro man WHITE. Said negroblack, about 5 feet 9 inches; weight about 5 feet 9 inches; weigh when the Plot was Concoured.—The and is about 28 years old. The clothing he way consisted of blue frock coat, strated of with a man of my neighbor. Mrs. Gallahe They are doubtless making their way to a State, and I will give the above reward to man wherever taken and secured, so that i git him again. EDMEND BERKELES. him again. EDMEND BERKERS.
Prince William County, Va., oct 21-10-20

\$100 REWARD.—Ranaway from the sub-Fauquier county, Virginia, on the 27th of September, my negro man SLAUGHTER, sometime called Frank, of a copper colour, about twenty is or two years of age, size small, with a bashy said of two years of age, size small, with a bashy said of hair, and has lost one or two front tee took with him two pair of pants, one blue the other white homemade linen; an old bla frock cost, and a white sack, and an old fa will give ten dollars it taken in the wenty-Kre dollars it taken out of the one handred dollars if taken out of the bis either case he must be secured so that I can s him. He will endeavor to pass himself as a boy, as I expect he is making his way State. He has acquaintances in the upper this county, and in Loudonn. Address, Miller P. O., Fauquier county, Virginia. CATHARINE R. MOORE.

Fauquier county, sep t cotf THOMAS S. JAMIESON. MACHINIST and IRON FOUNDER. Corner of Boyal and Wilkes biresis

ALEXANDRIA VA S prepared to execute orders for STATILIBERS, BULLERS, Mill Genring, SLAGE ing, Pulioys and Hangers, Tobacco Screws, Pumps Pans, Slide and Hand Lathes, Drill Presses, Wrought or Cast Railing, Columns and Girders, Gas of Water Pipe, and Machinery of every description. rior CASTINGS made to order at short notice and